1	01:00:04:18	01:00:08:00	Annenberg Media
2	01:00:08:02	01:01:01:28	§
3	01:01:02:00	01:01:04:27 THAT THE FL	THE GREEKS BELIEVED IMES FROM VOLCANOES
4	01:01:04:29	01:01:07:27 BREATH OF A	WERE THE FIERY
5	01:01:07:29	01:01:10:16 BENEATH A I	IMPRISONED BY ZEUS
6	01:01:13:04	01:01:14:17	
7	01:01:14:19	01:01:17:17	
8	01:01:17:19	01:01:19:02	BLACKSMITH TO THE GODS,
9	01:01:19:04	01:01:21:01 HIS PERSON	
10	01:01:23:26		DURING THE MIDDLE AGES,
11	01:01:25:12	01:01:28:09	VOLCANOES WERE FEARED
12	01:01:28:11	01:01:31:14 FOR THE DAI	
13	01:01:37:06	01:01:39:04 HAVE REVEA	OUR MODERN SPACECRAFT
14	01:01:39:06	01:01:41:04	
		ARE HELL,	
15	01:01:41:06		THEN THERE IS NOT
10	01.01.11.00	ONLY HELL C	
16	01:01:44:06		IT EXISTS IN MANY OTHER IE SOLAR SYSTEM.
17	01:01:48:05	01:01:49:22	
18	01:01:49:24	01:01:51:13	
10	01.01.10.21	STARTLED S	
19	01:01:51:15	01:01:53:27	WHEN IT SHOWED
		JUPITER'S M	OON IO
20	01:01:53:29	01:01:55:11	
21	01:01:55:13	01:01:57:27 ABOVE THE \$	
22	01:01:57:29	01:02:00:11	NUMEROUS VOLCANOES HAVE
00	04.00.00.40	ALSO BEEN (
23	01:02:00:13	01:02:01:25	
24 25	01:02:01:27 01:02:03:27	01:02:03:25	AS WELL AS ON MARS, WHERE THE LARGEST VOLCANO,
25	01.02.03.27	OLYMPUS M	
26	01:02:06:13	01:02:09:10	IS THREE TIMES THE HEIGHT
20	01.02.00.10	OF MOUNT E	
27	01:02:09:12		AND 600 KILOMETERS ACROSS.
28	01:02:13:27		VOLCANIC GASSES HAVE
		CONTRIBUTE	ED TO THE ATMOSPHERES
29	01:02:16:26		OF THESE OTHER WORLDS,
30	01:02:18:12	01:02:22:26	
			BREATHE ON EARTH,
31	01:02:22:28		PRODUCED WATER IS AND OCEANS,
32	01:02:25:12	01:02:28:10	AND HELPED CREATE CONDITIONS
22	01.00.00.40	SUITABLE FC	
33 34	01:02:28:12 01:02:30:12		THEY ALSO SERVE AS CLUES ABOUT WHAT IS GOING ON
5-	01.02.30.12	INSIDE OUR	

35 36	01:02:35:12 01:02:36:27	01:02:36:25 01:02:39:24 IS VERY HOT,	VOLCANOES ARE PROOF THAT THE EARTH'S INTERIOR
37 38	01:02:39:26 01:02:41:28	01:02:41:26 01:02:44:25	HOT ENOUGH TO MELT ROCK. THIS MOLTEN ROCK, MA, IS LESS DENSE
39	01:02:44:27	01:02:46:25 UNMELTED R0	THAN THE SURROUNDING DCK.
40	01:02:46:27		IT RISES BUOYANTLY,
41	01:02:48:02	01:02:50:10 OF HOT AIR	JUST AS CURRENTS
42	01:02:50:12	01:02:52:21 OF THE EARTI	
43	01:02:52:23		WHERE THE MAGMA REACHES
44	01:02:54:26		VOLCANOES ERUPT.
45	01:02:56:02		DIFFERENT VOLCANO TYPES
		CAN ERUPT	
46	01:02:58:02	01:02:59:14	IN VERY DIFFERENT WAYS.
47	01:02:59:16		IN SOME ERUPTIONS,
48	01:03:00:27	01:03:03:09	MAGMA POURS ONTO
		THE EARTH'S	SURFACE
49	01:03:03:11	01:03:06:08	IN RIVERS OF MOLTEN
) LAVA FLOWS.
50	01:03:06:10		IN OTHERS, HIGH GAS
			JNDERGROUND
51	01:03:08:25	01:03:11:07 TO ERUPT EX	CAUSE THE VOLCANO
52	01:03:11:09		THE MAGMA IS SPRAYED
53	01:03:13:24		AS A CLOUD OF VERY
00	01.00.10.21	SMALL, HOT P	
54	01:03:16:25		CALLED VOLCANIC ASH.
55	01:03:18:11	01:03:19:23	THIS FINE ROCK POWDER
56	01:03:19:25	01:03:23:08	CAN REMAIN ALOFT
	0.1001.0.20		SPHERE FOR DAYS
57	01:03:23:10		AND TRAVEL THOUSANDS
		OF KILOMETE	RS
58	01:03:25:10		BEFORE FINALLY SETTLING
			H'S SURFACE.
59	01:03:28:09	01:03:30:24 CAN REMAIN \$	SOMETIMES VOLCANIC ASH SUSPENDED
60	01:03:30:26	01:03:32:18	IN THE ATMOSPHERE
		FOR MONTHS	,
61	01:03:32:20		
<u></u>	04.00.05.04		NG GLOBAL WEATHER. VOLCANOES NOT ONLY ERUPT
62	01:03:35:04	IN DIFFERENT	WAYS,
63	01:03:37:25		BUT THEY'RE ALSO FOUND
64	01:03:39:10		
<u>-</u>			ENVIRONMENTS.
65	01:03:42:10		THERE ARE ABOUT 500
<u> </u>	04.00.45.00		
66 67	01:03:45:09		ON DRY LAND.
67	01:03:46:17	01:03:48:22 OCCURS IN PI	MOST VOLCANIC ACTIVITY

68	01:03:48:24	01:03:50:08 HIDDEN FROM VIEW.
69	01:03:50:10	
03	01.05.00.10	THOUSAND ACTIVE VOLCANOES
70	01:03:52:20	
70	01:03:54:05	01:03:57:04 MOST OF THESE LIE ASTRIDE
<i>'</i> '	01.00.04.00	MID-OCEAN RIDGES
72	01:03:57:06	01:03:59:02 WHERE EARTH'S
12	01.00.07.00	FORMING NEW CRUST.
73	01:04:01:03	01:04:03:02 MOST UNDERSEA
10	01.01.01.00	VOLCANOES LIE
74	01:04:03:04	01:04:05:25 ALONG DIVERGENT
	0.10.10010.	PLATE BOUNDARIES.
75	01:04:05:27	01:04:07:09 HERE,
		RUNNY BASALTIC LÁVA,
76	01:04:07:11	01:04:09:24 AS HOT AS
		1,200 DEGREES CENTIGRADE,
77	01:04:09:26	01:04:11:09 POURS QUIETLY
		THROUGH FISSURES,
78	01:04:11:11	01:04:14:09 MUCH OF IT COOLING
		IN THE DARK WATER
79	01:04:14:11	01:04:17:10 TO FORM FLOWS
		OF BULBOUS ROCK
80	01:04:17:12	01:04:18:28 CALLED PILLOW LAVA.
81	01:04:19:00	01:04:20:14 OTHER OCEANIC VOLCANOES,
82	01:04:20:16	01:04:23:15 SUCH AS THOSE
		OF THE HAWAIIAN CHAIN,
83	01:04:23:17	01:04:27:00 DO NOT LIE ON
		DIVERGENT PLATE BOUNDARIES.
84	01:04:28:05	01:04:30:01 THE HAWAIIAN
~ -		VOLCANIC CHAIN OCCURS
85	01:04:30:03	01:04:33:01 IN THE MIDDLE
00	04.04.00.00	
86	01:04:33:03	01:04:35:17 FAR REMOVED FROM ANY PLATE BOUNDARY.
07	01.04.25.10	01:04:39:02 THE BEST HYPOTHESIS THAT
87	01:04:35:19	HAS BEEN INVOKED SO FAR
88	01:04:39:04	
89	01:04:40:18	01:04:43:07 IS CALLED THE "HAWAIIAN
09	01.04.40.10	HOT SPOT" HYPOTHESIS.
90	01:04:43:09	01:04:46:06 AND WHAT THAT ENTAILS
00	01.04.40.00	IS A HOT SPOT,
91	01:04:46:08	01:04:47:21 A ZONE OF MELTING,
92	01:04:47:23	01:04:49:06 DEEP IN THE MANTLE,
93	01:04:49:08	01:04:51:21 OVER WHICH
		THE PACIFIC PLATE RIDES
94	01:04:51:23	01:04:55:07 TO THE NORTHWEST AS
		PART OF THE PLATE MOTIONS.
95	01:04:55:09	01:04:58:22 AND THAT THIS HEAT SOURCE
		THENOR HOT SPOT
96	01:04:58:24	01:05:01:19 ACTUALLY LOCALLY MELTS
		THE OVERRIDING SOLID ROCK
97	01:05:01:21	01:05:04:19 TO FORM THE BASALTIC
		MAGMAS WHICH THEN ERUPT.
98	01:05:04:21	01:05:07:19 THEN, AS THE PLATE
		CONTINUES TO MOVE,
99	01:05:07:21	01:05:09:03 THE VOLCANO THAT FORMED

100	01:05:09:05	01:05:12:15 IS TRANSPORTED TO THE NORTHWEST
101	01:05:12:17	01:05:13:29 AND ULTIMATELY GETS SEVERED
102	01:05:14:01	01:05:15:29 FROM THE FEEDING
		MAGMA SOURCE
103	01:05:16:01	01:05:17:22 AND BECOMES EXTINCT.
104	01:05:17:24	01:05:19:24 HOWEVER, THEN OVER
		THE SAME PLACE
105	01:05:19:26	01:05:21:12 A NEW VOLCANO FORMS
106	01:05:21:14	01:05:23:12 AS MORE MAGMA
100	01.05.21.14	
407		IS MELTED,
107	01:05:23:14	01:05:25:12 AND A NEW ISLAND FORMS.
108	01:05:25:14	01:05:27:12 THE CHAIN
		OF HAWAIIAN ISLANDS
109	01:05:27:14	01:05:29:03 SHOW AN AGE PROGRESSION
110	01:05:29:05	01:05:30:11 GOING FROM THE SOUTHEAST,
111	01:05:30:13	01:05:32:22 WHICH IS CURRENTLY
	0.100.000.00	OVER THE HOT SPOT,
112	01:05:32:24	01:05:34:19 GOING TO THE NORTHWEST.
113	01:05:34:21	01:05:37:19 LIKE VOLCANOES
		AT DIVERGENT BOUNDARIES,
114	01:05:37:21	01:05:39:19 OCEANIC HOT SPOT
		VOLCANOES ERUPT
115	01:05:39:21	01:05:43:09 PREDOMINANTLY VERY HOT,
		BASALTIC LAVA.
116	01:05:43:11	01:05:45:09 FLOW AFTER FLOW
	01100110111	PILES UP,
117	01:05:45:11	01:05:48:03 BUILDING VAST BROAD
117	01.05.45.11	
	04 0F 40 0F	MOUNTAINS,
118	01:05:48:05	01:05:50:25 KNOWN AS SHIELD VOLCANOES.
119	01:05:52:01	01:05:53:14 [TILLING]
		IN GENERAL,
120	01:05:53:16	01:05:56:13 THE VOLCANOES FORMED BY
		VERY LOW VISCOSITY MAGMAS
121	01:05:56:15	01:05:58:25 TEND TO BE VERY BROAD,
122	01:05:58:27	01:06:01:08 CONVEX, VERY BROAD,
122	01.00.00.27	SHIELD-LIKE VOLCANOES
100	01.00.01.10	
123	01:06:01:10	
		CALLED SHIELD VOLCANOES.
124		01:06:07:16 WHEN THE LAVA HAS ERUPTED,
125	01:06:07:18	01:06:08:28 BECAUSE IT'S SO FLUID,
126	01:06:09:00	01:06:11:25 IT CAN SPREAD OUT
		OVER LONG DISTANCES
127	01:06:11:27	01:06:13:05 ON VERY LOW SLOPES.
128	01:06:13:07	
		YOU GET LAVA FLOWS
129	01:06:15:19	01:06:18:01 TRAVELING FOR
129	01.00.15.19	
400	04 00 00 45	10, 20, 30 KILOMETERS.
130	01:06:20:15	01:06:22:13 MANY PEOPLE
		THINK OF A VOLCANO
131	01:06:22:15	01:06:25:12 AS ERUPTING ONLY FROM
		A CRATER AT ITS SUMMIT.
132	01:06:25:14	01:06:29:17 BUT, IN FACT, THIS IS
		NOT TRUE OF MOST VOLCANOES.
133	01:06:29:19	01:06:31:17 ON A HAWAIIAN
	51.50.20.10	SHIELD VOLCANO,

134	01:06:31:19	01:06:34:16 LAVA CAN ISSUE NOT ONLY FROM SUMMIT VENTS,
135	01:06:34:18	01:06:37:17 BUT FROM THE FLANKS, THROUGH LONG SYSTEMS
136	01:06:37:19	01:06:40:16 OF FISSURES KNOWN
107	01.06.42.04	AS RIFT ZONES.
137 138	01:06:43:04 01:06:44:23	
		OF THE SHIELD,
139	01:06:47:25	01:06:50:02 TOGETHER WITH THE PRESSURE FROM INTRUDING MAGMA,
140	01:06:50:04	01:06:52:07 CAUSE RIFT ZONES TO FORM.
141	01:06:53:29	01:06:57:03 THIS RIFT ZONE ON KILAUEA VOLCANO
142	01:06:57:05	01:07:00:26 IS OVER
		50 KILOMETERS LONG.
143	01:07:00:28	01:07:02:20 SOME VOLCANOES AT SEA,
144	01:07:02:22	01:07:04:20 TOGETHER WITH
		THE GREAT MAJORITY
145	01:07:04:22	01:07:06:21 OF VOLCANOES ON DRY LAND,
146	01:07:06:23	
		CONVERGENT PLATE BOUNDARIES,
147	01:07:09:08	01:07:12:10 SUCH AS THOSE THAT
		ENCIRCLE THE PACIFIC OCEAN.
148	01:07:15:17	01:07:18:24 VOLCANOES IN
		CONVERGENT PLATE SETTINGS
149	01:07:18:26	01:07:21:10 TEND TO ERUPT MORE EXPLOSIVELY
150	01:07:21:12	
151	01:07:23:12	01:07:24:27 AND ALONG
		DIVERGENT BOUNDARIES.
152	01:07:24:29	01:07:27:14 THEY ARE CALLED
		COMPOSITE VOLCANOES
153	01:07:27:16	
154	01:07:29:17	01:07:31:16 ALTERNATING LAYERS
	<u> </u>	OF LAVA FLOWS
155	01:07:31:18	01:07:34:06 AND EXPLOSIVELY
450	04.07.00.47	ERUPTED FRAGMENTS.
	01:07:36:17	01:07:38:15 ALL VOLCANOES ERUPT GAS,
157	01:07:38:17	01:07:41:15 WHICH CONTRIBUTES TO VOLCANIC EXPLOSIVENESS.
158	01:07:41:17	01:07:45:10 THE MOST COMMON SUBSTANCES
100	01.07.41.17	IN VOLCANIC GAS
159	01:07:45:12	01:07:47:05 WATER VAPOR,
100	01.07.40.12	CARBON DIOXIDE,
160	01:07:47:07	01:07:48:25 SULFUR, AND NITROGEN
161	01:07:48:27	01:07:50:24 ARE ALSO FOUND IN THE AIR
162	01:07:50:26	01:07:52:09 AND IN THE OCEANS.
163	01:07:52:11	01:07:53:25 EVIDENCE OF VOLCANIC GAS
164	01:07:53:27	01:07:58:24 CAN EVEN BE FOUND LOCKED
	5	WITHIN HARDENED LAVA.
165	01:07:58:26	01:08:01:08 THIS BLACK VOLCANIC ROCK
	2	IS BASALT,
166	01:08:01:10	01:08:04:02 IT'S THE PRINCIPAL TYPE
		OF LAVA FOUND
167	01:08:04:04	01:08:05:17 IN SHIELD VOLCANOES.

168	01:08:05:19	01:08:07:13 LIKE OTHER TYPES
		OF VOLCANIC ROCK,
169	01:08:07:15	01:08:10:14 BASALT FORMS WHEN
		LAVA COOLS AND CRYSTALLIZES
170	01:08:10:16	01:08:12:08 FOLLOWING
		A VOLCANIC ERUPTION.
171	01:08:12:10	01:08:13:24 WHEN AN ERUPTION OCCURS,
172	01:08:13:26	01:08:16:12 THERE'S A SUDDEN DROP
470		IN PRESSURE,
173	01:08:16:14	01:08:18:13 WHICH CAUSES
474	04-00-40-45	BUBBLES OF GAS
174	01:08:18:15	01:08:20:13 TO SPONTANEOUSLY FORM
175	01:08:20:15	IN THE LAVA. 01:08:24:01 THIS SAME PROCESS OCCURS
175	01.06.20.15	OPENING A BOTTLE OF SODA.
176	01:08:28:08	01:08:30:07 THESE HOLES IN THE BASALT
170	01:08:30:09	01:08:32:05 WERE CREATED
177	01.00.30.09	BY GAS BUBBLES
178	01:08:32:07	01:08:35:05 THAT FORMED IN THE LAVA
170	01.00.32.07	WHEN IT ERUPTED.
179	01:08:35:07	01:08:38:05 ALONG WITH THE IMPACT
175	01.00.00.01	OF GAS CONTENT,
180	01:08:38:07	01:08:40:04 THE EXPLOSIVENESS
100	01.00.00.07	OF AN ERUPTION
181	01:08:40:06	01:08:42:13 IS ALSO INFLUENCED
101	01.00.10.00	BY THE TEMPERATURE
182	01:08:42:15	01:08:44:14 AND CHEMICAL COMPOSITION
		OF ITS MAGMA.
183	01:08:44:16	01:08:46:13 MAGMA, RICH IN SILICA,
184	01:08:46:15	01:08:48:28 IS TYPICALLY COOLER
		AND MORE VISCOUS
185	01:08:49:00	01:08:52:13 THAN MAGMA WITH
		A LOWER SILICA CONTENT.
186	01:08:52:15	01:08:53:27 THIS RESULTS IN ERUPTIONS
187	01:08:53:29	01:08:57:07 THAT ARE
		EXTREMELY EXPLOSIVE.
188	01:08:57:09	01:09:00:07 WHY IS THE ERUPTION
		OF A COMPOSITE VOLCANO
189	01:09:00:09	01:09:01:20 SO VIOLENT AND EXPLOSIVE?
190	01:09:01:22	
		IN THE ANDESITIC LAVAS
191	01:09:04:22	01:09:06:26 OF WHICH THESE VOLCANOES
400	04-00-00-00	
192	01:09:06:28	01:09:08:11 ANDESITE CONTAINS
102	01.00.00.12	
193 194	01:09:08:13	01:09:09:26 THAN BASALT DOES, 01:09:12:25 SO IT CRYSTALLIZES
194	01:09:09:28	AT A LOWER TEMPERATURE,
195	01:09:12:27	01:09:14:25 CREATING
195	01.09.12.27	A MORE VISCOUS LAVA.
196	01:09:14:27	01:09:17:27 CRYSTALS WILL OFTEN FORM
130	01.03.14.27	IN AN ANDESITE MAGMA
197	01:09:17:29	01:09:20:08 BEFORE AN ERUPTION,
101	51.00.17.20	THICKENING IT EVEN FURTHER.
198	01:09:20:10	01:09:23:10 HIGH VISCOSITY TRAPS GASES
	2	DISSOLVED WITHIN THE MAGMA

199	01:09:23:12	01:09:26:11 AND PREVENTS THEM FROM ESCAPING EASILY.
200	01:09:26:13	01:09:29:10 DURING THE INITIAL STAGES OF THE ERUPTION,
201	01:09:29:12	01:09:31:26 GAS BUBBLES CANNOT BREAK THROUGH THE THICK LAVA
202	01:09:31:28	01:09:33:12 UNTIL PRESSURES WITHIN THEM
203	01:09:33:14	01:09:34:27 REACH EXPLOSIVE PROPORTIONS.
204	01:09:34:29	01:09:38:13 WE KNOW WHAT PENT-UP GAS PRESSURES CAN DO.
205	01:09:39:16	01:09:41:13 THE BLAST OF THE ERUPTION
206	01:09:41:15	01:09:43:25 SPRAYS FINE DROPLETS
200	01.03.41.15	OF LAVA INTO THE AIR,
207	04.00.40.07	
207	01:09:43:27	01:09:45:25 FORMING CLOUDS OF VOLCANIC ASH.
208	01:09:45:27	01:09:49:10 AND THE ESCAPING GAS WHIPS SOME OF THE LAVA
209	01:09:49:12	01:09:51:18 INTO A FOAM CALLED PUMICE.
210	01:09:51:20	01:09:54:19 PUMICE IS A SPECIAL TYPE OF VOLCANIC ROCK
211	01:09:54:21	01:09:57:03 FORMED FROM THE ERUPTION
		OF VISCOUS,
212	01:09:57:05	01:10:00:15 HIGHLY GASEOUS MAGMA.
213	01:10:00:17	01:10:02:15 IT HAS
215	01.10.00.17	A FROTHY CONSISTENCY
214	01.10.00.17	
214	01:10:02:17	
		OF AIR POCKETS
215	01:10:04:29	01:10:08:12 THAT IT CAN FLOAT IN WATER.
216	01:10:08:14	01:10:10:26 VISCOSITY
047	04 40 40 00	NOT ONLY INFLUENCES
217	01:10:10:28	01:10:13:11 THE EXPLOSIVENESS OF AN ERUPTION,
218	01:10:13:13	01:10:15:29 BUT THE CHARACTER
		OF ITS LAVA AS WELL.
219	01:10:16:01	01:10:19:14 THE HAWAIIANS HAVE WORDS FOR THE TWO MAIN TYPES
220	01.10.10.10	01:10:22:13 OF LAVA SURFACE THAT ARE
220	01:10:19:16	INFLUENCED BY VISCOSITY
221	01:10:22:15	01:10:24:28 RUNNY LAVA, WHICH
222	01:10:25:00	CONTAINS DISSOLVED GASES, 01:10:26:28 FORMS A SMOOTH,
222	01.10.25.00	BILLOWY SURFACE
223	01:10:27:00	01:10:31:23 CALLED PAHOEHOE, LITERALLY "ROPY."
224	01:10:33:19	01:10:36:27 DEGASSED LAVA IS STIFFER
225	01:10:36:29	TEARING APART ITS CRUST 01:10:38:27 THROUGH
		ITS OWN FORWARD MOTION.
226	01:10:38:29	01:10:41:19 THIS FORMS A ROUGH SURFACE
227	01:10:41:21	
228	01:10:44:19	
229	01:10:44:19	
220	51.10. 1 0.0 1	

		FOR WALKING."
230	01:10:49:26	01:10:54:12 ACTIVE PAHOEHOE FLOWS DEVELOP LAVA TUBES.
231	01:10:54:14	01:10:58:04 AS THE LAVA SLOWLY COOLS ALONG ITS MARGINS,
232	01:10:58:06	01:11:00:25 IT SEALS ITSELF IN A NARROW CHANNEL,
233	01:11:00:27	
234	01:11:02:11	01:11:02:09 WHICH MAY CRUST OVER. 01:11:03:24 INSULATED IN A TUBE,
235	01:11:03:26	01:11:06:09 THE MOLTEN LAVA
		LOSES LITTLE HEAT.
236	01:11:06:11	01:11:08:08 THIS ALLOWS IT
		TO TRAVEL FURTHER
237	01:11:08:10	01:11:09:24 THAN IT COULD OTHERWISE,
238	01:11:09:26	01:11:12:09 WHICH IS ONE REASON SHIELD VOLCANOES
239	01:11:12:11	01:11:14:24 ARE SO BROAD
		AND GENTLY SLOPING.
240	01:11:14:26	01:11:18:24 MORE EXPLOSIVE VOLCANOES
		BUILD STEEP CONES
241	01:11:18:26	01:11:22:09 BECAUSE THE LAVA IS STIFFER AND CANNOT SPREAD AS FAR,
242	01:11:22:11	01:11:23:24 AND BECAUSE
		EXPLOSIVE DEBRIS
243	01:11:23:26	01:11:27:14 SIMPLY PILES UP
		AROUND THE CENTRAL VENT.
244	01:11:27:16	01:11:28:29 SOME VOLCANIC CONES
245	01:11:29:01	01:11:31:13 ARE MADE UP ENTIRELY
0.40	04.44.04.45	OF FRAGMENTS.
246	01:11:31:15	01:11:33:18 CINDER CONES ARE
247	01:11:35:20	GOOD EXAMPLES. 01:11:38:18 CINDER CONES, LIKE
247	01.11.35.20	THE ONE BEHIND ME,
248	01:11:38:20	01:11:40:03 ARE VERY DIFFERENT
249	01:11:40:05	01:11:42:20 FROM COMPOSITE VOLCANOES
		OR SHIELD VOLCANOES.
250	01:11:42:22	01:11:44:05 THEY'RE SMALL
		IN COMPARISON,
251	01:11:44:07	01:11:47:19 AND THE FLANKS OF
		THE CONES ARE QUITE STEEP.
252	01:11:47:21	
		OF FRAGMENTS
253	01:11:50:12	
		CALLED CINDERS.
254	01:11:52:07	01:11:55:07 LIKE VOLCANIC ASH,
055	04 44 55 00	CINDERS ARE DROPLETS OF LAVA
255	01:11:55:09	01:11:57:24 FORMED DURING
256	01:11:57:26	AN EXPLOSIVE ERUPTION. 01:12:00:11 THE DROPS THAT
256	01.11.37.20	FORM CINDERS, HOWEVER,
257	01:12:00:13	01:12:02:23 ARE MUCH LARGER
201	01.12.00.15	THAN ASH PARTICLES,
258	01:12:02:25	
		THE EXPLOSION
259	01:12:04:09	
260	01:12:05:25	

		COMPOSITE VOLCANO.
261	01:12:10:13	01:12:12:28 VOLCANOES ARE,
		FOR THE MOST PART,
262	01:12:13:00	
		CONVERGENT AND DIVERGENT
263	01:12:15:00	
		WELL-ESTABLISHED HOT SPOTS.
264	01:12:18:14	
		INTRIGUING EXCEPTIONS.
265	01:12:24:25	01:12:26:22 VOLCANIC ACTIVITY
		HAS OCCASIONALLY OCCURRED
266	01:12:26:24	01:12:29:21 FAR FROM THESE SETTINGS,
~~~		SUCH AS HERE
267	01:12:29:23	
000	04 40 00 00	SOUTHEASTERN CALIFORNIA.
268	01:12:32:23	
200	04.40.00.00	
269	01:12:36:08	
270	01:12:38:08	BOUNDARY 01:12:41:01 WHERE SUBDUCTION-RELATED
270	01.12.30.00	VOLCANO ACTIVITY
271	01:12:41:03	
272	01:12:42:10	01:12:45:07 AND 200 OR 300 KILOMETERS
273	01:12:45:09	01:12:42:08 IS OCCURRING.   01:12:45:07 AND 200 OR 300 KILOMETERS   01:12:48:07 FROM THE NEAREST
210	01.12.40.00	DIVERGENT PLATE BOUNDARY,
274	01:12:48:09	01:12:52:14 YET, WE SIT NEAR THE TOP
	01112110100	OF A YOUNG CINDER CONE,
275	01:12:52:16	01:12:54:23 A VOLCANO
-		THAT'S BEEN ACTIVE
276	01:12:54:25	01:12:58:15 PROBABLY WITHIN THE PAST
		FEW THOUSAND YEARS,
277	01:12:58:17	01:13:00:07 FAR FROM
		A PLATE BOUNDARY.
278	01:13:00:09	01:13:01:16 THAT'S
		CERTAINLY RIGHT.
279	01:13:01:18	01:13:03:13 MOST VOLCANOES
		IN THE WORLD
280	01:13:03:15	01:13:05:06 ARE ALONG
		THE PLATE BOUNDARIES.
281	01:13:05:08	01:13:07:20 BUT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD,
000	04 40 07 00	
282	01:13:07:22	01:13:09:20 WHERE THE CRUST
000	04.40.00.00	
283	01:13:09:22	01:13:12:04 BY TENSIONAL FORCES AND
204	01.12.12.00	
284	01:13:12:06	01:13:15:06 I THINK THIS STILL REFLECTS PLATE TECTONICS
285	01:13:15:08	01:13:17:21 BECAUSE THE CRUST
200	01.13.15.06	IS BEING THINNED,
286	01:13:17:23	01:13:21:05 BEING PULLED APART,
200	01.15.17.25	AND UNDER THAT TENSION,
287	01:13:21:07	01:13:23:06 THE CRUST
201	51.10.21.07	ACTUALLY FRACTURES.
288	01:13:23:08	01:13:24:26 WITH THAT SITUATION,
289	01:13:24:28	01:13:27:05 THE PRESSURE IS RELIEVED
		ON THE SYSTEM,

290 291	01:13:27:07 01:13:29:07	
292	01:13:32:08	01:13:34:21 DUE TO WHATEVER HEAT SOURCES EXIST,
293	01:13:34:23	01:13:36:15 THE MAGMA WILL COME THROUGH
294	01:13:36:17	01:13:39:04 AND ERUPT AND FORM A CINDER CONE.
295	01:13:39:06	01:13:41:05 BELTS OF VOLCANOES HAVE GROWN, SHIFTED,
296	01:13:41:07	01:13:44:05 AND DIED WITH CHANGES IN PLATE BOUNDARIES.
297	01:13:44:07	01:13:48:06 THE HISTORY OF INDIVIDUAL VOLCANOES THEMSELVES
298	01:13:48:08	01:13:51:05 CAN BE QUITE COMPLEX.
299	01:13:51:07	01:13:53:20 A VOLCANO CAN LOOK VERY DIFFERENT
300	01:13:53:22	01:13:55:20 AT DIFFERENT STAGES IN ITS DEVELOPMENT.
301	01:13:55:22	01:13:58:05 HERE AT PANUM CRATER, FOR EXAMPLE,
302	01:13:58:07	01:14:01:03 THE INITIAL ERUPTIONS WERE GAS-CHARGED EXPLOSIONS.
303	01:14:01:05	01:14:02:28 THEY PRODUCED THIS SHALLOW CRATER
304	01:14:03:00	01:14:06:02 SURROUNDED BY THE RIM OF PUMICE I'M STANDING ON.
305	01:14:06:04	01:14:08:04 HAVING LOST MOST OF ITS GASES,
306	01:14:08:06	01:14:10:04 THE REMAINING MAGMA ROSE SLOWLY
307	01:14:10:06	01:14:12:18 OUT OF THE VENT IN THE NEXT ERUPTION.
308	01:14:12:20	01:14:14:26 THIS MAGMA PLUGGED THE VENT BY FORMING THIS DOME
309	01:14:14:28	01:14:16:11 COMPOSED OF VOLCANIC GLASS.
310	01:14:16:13	01:14:19:17 THIS GLASS, KNOWN AS OBSIDIAN,
	01:14:19:19	01:14:22:04 IS THE PRODUCT OF AN EXTREMELY VISCOUS MAGMA.
312	01:14:22:06	ALMOST ENTIRELY OF SILICA.
313	01:14:25:24	FORM IN THE AFTERMATH
314	01:14:28:25	01:14:31:08 OF POWERFUL EXPLOSIONS AT COMPOSITE CONES,
315	01:14:31:10	01:14:35:23 SUCH AS AT MOUNT ST. HELENS IN 1980.
316	01:14:38:13	01:14:40:12 A DECADE AFTER THIS ERUPTION,
317	01:14:40:14	01:14:42:25 THE NEW DOME CONTINUED TO GROW
318	01:14:42:27	01:14:44:27 INSIDE THE VOLCANO'S CRATER.
319	01:14:47:05	
320	01:14:49:04	01:14:51:18 ASSOCIATED

004	04 4 4 5 4 00	WITH EXPLOSIVE VOLCANISM
321	01:14:51:20	01:14:54:03 IS DENSE CLOUDS
322	01:14:54:05	OF HOT ASH 01:14:55:18 WHICH ROAR DOWN
322	01.14.54.05	01:14:55:18 WHICH ROAR DOWN VOLCANIC SLOPES
323	01:14:55:20	01:14:57:12 INTO LOW-LYING AREAS
324	01:14:57:14	01:15:01:01 SOMETIMES AT WELL OVER
		100 KILOMETERS PER HOUR
325	01:15:04:18	01:15:07:01 IT IS CURRENTLY ESTIMATED THAT VOLCANOES
326	01:15:07:03	01:15:08:21 POSE A POTENTIAL THREAT
327	01:15:08:23	01:15:12:22 TO MORE THAN HALF A BILLION
		PEOPLE ACROSS THE GLOBE.
328	01:15:14:10	01:15:17:27 IN AN EFFORT TO LESSEN
		THE DAMAGE FROM VOLCANOES,
329	01:15:17:29	01:15:19:27 GEOLOGISTS ARE REFINING
		THEIR METHODS
330	01:15:19:29	01:15:22:00 OF FORECASTING ERUPTIONS.
331	01:15:23:20	01:15:25:09 PROBABLY
		ALL VOLCANIC ERUPTIONS
332	01:15:25:11	01:15:27:24 ARE PRECEDED BY
		AND ACCOMPANIED BY
333	01:15:27:26	01:15:29:25 MEASURABLE CHANGES
		IN THE PHYSICAL
334	01:15:29:27	01:15:32:17 OR CHEMICAL STATE
005	04.45.00.40	OF THE VOLCANO.
335	01:15:32:19	01:15:35:16 AND ONE OF THE PRINCIPAL
226	01.15.25.10	
336	01:15:35:18 01:15:37:18	01:15:37:16 OR MEASURING THE CHANGES
337	01.15.37.16	01:15:41:01 AT LEAST THE PHYSICAL CONFIGURATION OF A VOLCANO
338	01:15:41:03	01:15:45:16 IS BY MEANS OF WHAT WE CALL
550	01.13.41.03	GROUND DEFORMATION STUDIES.
339	01:15:45:18	01:15:48:02 THIS SIMPLY
000	01.10.10.10	IS JUST A TERM
340	01:15:48:04	01:15:51:17 FOR MEASURING THE CHANGES
		IN THE SHAPE OF THE VOLCANO.
341	01:15:51:19	01:15:53:16 MOST VOLCANOES
		WILL SWELL UP
342	01:15:53:18	01:15:56:01 OR INFLATE PRIOR
		TO AN ERUPTION,
343	01:15:56:03	01:15:59:01 AND THIS CAUSES
		THE VOLCANO IN ITSELF
344	01:15:59:03	01:16:00:28 THE SURFACE
		OF THE VOLCANO
345	01:16:01:00	01:16:02:14 TO BE UPLIFTED
346	01:16:02:16	01:16:05:25 AND THE SIDES TILTED OUT
0.47	04.40.05.07	AND BULGED OUTWARD.
347	01:16:05:27	01:16:10:15 THE OTHER MAJOR COMPONENT IN TRACKING A VOLCANO
240	01.16.10.17	
348	01:16:10:17	01:16:15:14 OR MONITORING A VOLCANO IS THE SEISMIC MONITORING
349	01:16:15:16	01:16:18:28 OF EARTHQUAKES THAT OCCUR
0 10	51.10.10.10	BENEATH THE GROUND.
350	01:16:19:00	01:16:21:10 BECAUSE AS THE MOLTEN ROCK
351	01:16:21:12	01:16:23:25 FORCES ITS WAY TOWARD

050	04 40 00 07	THE SURFACE TO ERUPT,
352	01:16:23:27	01:16:27:15 IT MAKES ROOM FOR ITSELF,
050	04.40.07.47	IT FRACTURES THE ROCK,
353	01:16:27:17	01:16:29:22 AND MOVES UP HIGHER, OR LATERALLY.
354	01:16:31:00	01:16:32:14 IN RECENT YEARS,
355	01:16:32:16	01:16:34:18 SCIENTISTS HAVE BEEN
		INCREASINGLY SUCCESSFUL
356	01:16:34:20	01:16:38:00 IN FORECASTING MAJOR VOLCANIC ERUPTIONS.
357	01:16:38:02	01:16:40:15 DESPITE THESE ADVANCES,
	0	THERE'S STILL MUCH
358	01:16:40:17	01:16:42:15 TO BE LEARNED
		ABOUT VOLCANOES.
359	01:16:42:17	01:16:45:29 MANY VOLCANOES HAVE
		DISTINCTIVE BEHAVIOR.
360	01:16:46:01	01:16:47:28 OFTEN ERUPTIONS
		ARE TOO DANGEROUS
361	01:16:48:00	01:16:50:18 TO OBSERVE AT CLOSE RANGE.
362	01:16:50:20	01:16:52:28 AND SOME OF THE MOST
		IMPORTANT ERUPTIONS
363	01:16:53:00	01:16:56:01 OF OUR TIME HAVE BURST
		FORTH IN REMOTE REGIONS,
364	01:16:56:03	01:16:58:14 FAR FROM THE VIEW
		OF GEOLOGISTS.
365	01:17:00:09	01:17:03:07 ON THE AFTERNOON
		OF JUNE 1, 1912,
366	01:17:03:09	01:17:04:22 ONE SUCH ERUPTION BEGAN
367	01:17:04:24	01:17:07:07 IN THE VICINITY
000	04.47.07.00	OF MOUNT KATMAI,
368	01:17:07:09	01:17:09:23 A VOLCANO IN THE ALASKA RANGE.
369	01:17:09:25	01:17:12:12 THE SKY TURNED
209	01.17.09.25	OMINOUSLY BLACK
370	01:17:12:14	01:17:15:28 AS AN IMMENSE CLOUD
570	01.17.12.14	OF ASH, PUMICE, AND GAS
371	01:17:16:00	01:17:18:13 BILLOWED UP
0/1	01.17.10.00	FROM THE VOLCANO.
372	01:17:18:15	01:17:21:12 VOLCANIC ACTIVITY
0	••••••	CONTINUED RELENTLESSLY
373	01:17:21:14	01:17:23:11 FOR THREE DAYS.
374	01:17:23:13	01:17:25:12 DESPITE SEVERAL ATTEMPTS
375	01:17:25:14	01:17:27:27 TO REACH
		THE SITE OF THE ERUPTION,
376	01:17:27:29	01:17:30:28 IT WASN'T UNTIL 1916,
		FOUR YEARS LATER,
377	01:17:31:00	01:17:33:23 THAT A NATIONAL
		GEOGRAPHIC EXPEDITION
378	01:17:33:25	01:17:35:23 LED BY ROBERT FISKE GRIGGS
379	01:17:35:25	01:17:37:27 REACHED THE SCENE.
380	01:17:37:29	01:17:40:09 AS THE EXPLORERS
		FIRST ENTERED THE VALLEY
381	01:17:40:11	01:17:41:25 NEAR KATMAI
382	01:17:41:27	01:17:45:01 THEY WERE STARTLED TO SEE
000	04.47 45 00	WHAT APPEARED TO BE
383	01:17:45:03	01:17:47:11 THOUSANDS OF SMALL,

		STEAMING VOLCANOES.
384	01:17:47:13	01:17:50:13 IN FACT, THESE
		WERE NOT VOLCANOES AT ALL,
385	01:17:50:15	01:17:53:21 BUT GASEOUS STEAM VENTS,
		KNOWN AS FUMAROLES.
386	01:17:53:23	01:17:55:07 BEFORE THE ERUPTION,
387	01:17:55:09	01:17:57:11 THE VALLEY HAD CONSISTED OF SWAMPS
388	01:17:57:13	
389	01:17:58:28	01:17:58:26 AND MOIST WOODLANDS. 01:18:01:17 WHEN THE THICK LAYER
000	01111100120	OF HOT ASH
390	01:18:01:19	01:18:03:00 BLANKETED THE GROUND,
391	01:18:03:02	01:18:05:00 MOISTURE BOILED AWAY
		AS STEAM.
392	01:18:05:02	01:18:07:11 GRIGGS DUBBED
		THIS SIMMERING LANDSCAPE,
393	01:18:07:13	01:18:11:03 "THE VALLEY
		OF 10,000 SMOKES."
394	01:18:11:05	01:18:12:18 THE EXPEDITION DISCOVERED
395	01:18:12:20	01:18:14:24 THAT THE SUMMIT OF MOUNT KATMAI
396	01:18:14:26	01:18:17:10 HAD COLLAPSED,
550	01.10.14.20	FORMING A VAST CRATER,
397	01:18:17:12	
398	01:18:18:12	
399	01:18:20:11	01:18:22:06 THE ERUPTION
		HAD ORIGINATED HERE.
400	01:18:22:08	01:18:24:24 INSTEAD, MAGMA SEEMED
		TO HAVE MOVED OUT
401	01:18:24:26	01:18:28:25 FROM UNDERNEATH THE SUMMIT
		TO ESCAPE ELSEWHERE.
402	01:18:28:27	01:18:32:24 UNSUPPORTED,
402	01.10.20.00	THE MOUNTAINTOP FELL IN. 01:18:34:10 THE ACTUAL ERUPTION SITE
403 404	01:18:32:26 01:18:34:12	01:18:37:09 LAY AT THE BASE
404	01.10.34.12	OF THE MOUNTAIN.
405	01:18:37:11	01:18:39:26 A DOME OF LAVA
400	01.10.07.11	HAD OOZED UP
406	01:18:39:28	01:18:42:10 NEAR THE CENTER
		OF THE SOURCE VENT.
407	01:18:42:12	01:18:45:25 THE EXPEDITION NAMED
		THIS DOME "NOVARUPTA."
408	01:18:47:17	01:18:49:16 TODAY,
		THE DOME HAS COOLED,
409	01:18:49:18	01:18:52:25 AND MOST OF THE FUMAROLES
440	01:18:52:27	ARE COLD AND INACTIVE. 01:18:56:20 BUT KATMAI IS STILL
410	01.10.32.27	OF ENORMOUS INTEREST
411	01:18:56:22	01:18:58:17 TO GEOLOGISTS,
	01.10.00.22	WHO MUST WITHSTAND
412	01:18:58:19	01:19:00:02 <i>DIFFICULT</i>
-		PHYSICAL CONDITIONS
413	01:19:00:04	01:19:03:12 AS THEY CARRY ON
		THEIR RESEARCH.
414	01:19:03:14	01:19:06:23 FIELD WORK IS RATHER
		CHALLENGING TO BEGIN WITH

415	01:19:06:25	
416	01:19:09:14	01:19:12:08 A CERTAIN AMOUNT OF
	01110100111	PLANNING AND PHYSICAL STAMINA.
417	01:19:12:10	
		PARTICULARLY CHALLENGING
418	01:19:14:10	01:19:15:22 BECAUSE IT'S SO REMOTE.
419	01:19:15:24	01:19:18:25 WE'RE REALLY
		ON OUR OWN HERE.
420	01:19:18:27	01:19:20:24 THE WEATHER IS SO FIERCE, 01:19:25:23 AND THINGS LIKE
421	01:19:20:26	
421	01.19.20.20	
		THERE ARE OTHER ASPECTS
422	01:19:25:25	01:19:28:23 SUCH AS THINGS LIKE
		PROTECTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT
400	04.40.00.05	
423	01:19:28:25	01:19:31:22 BECAUSE THIS IS
		A PARK AND WILDERNESS
424	01:19:31:24	01:19:33:09 HAVE TO BE FOREMOST.
425	01:19:33:11	01:19:37:08 IT TAKES
425	01.19.33.11	
		VERY CAREFUL PLANNING
426	01:19:37:10	01:19:42:29 AND, UH, A STOUT HEART
427	01:19:43:01	01:19:45:13 DURING LONG, WINDY,
421	01.13.45.01	
		AND RAINY SPELLS.
428	01:19:45:15	01:19:49:23 IT ALSO, UH, GIVES YOU 01:19:54:08 A HUMBLE FEELING ABOUT
429	01:19:49:25	01:19:54:08 A HUMBLE FEELING ABOUT
		THE PEOPLE WHO CAME BEFORE
400	04 40 54 40	
430	01:19:54:10	01:19:58:13 WHO HAD NO AIRCRAFT SUPPORT
		AND NOT EVEN RADIOS,
431	01:19:58:15	01:20:01:12 WHERE JUST GETTING
		TO THE COAST HERE
400		
432	01:20:01:14	01:20:04:09 WAS A MAJOR AND
		VERY LONG CHALLENGE,
433	01:20:04:11	01:20:08:08 LET ALONE WORKING HERE.
434	01:20:08:10	
		01:20:12:20 THE PROBLEMS ARE SERIOUS
435	01:20:12:22	01:20:18:03 AND WITH LACK OF ATTENTION
	01.20.12.22	
	01.20.12.22	EVEN LIFE-THREATENING.
		EVEN LIFE-THREATENING.
436	01:20:20:11	EVEN LIFE-THREATENING. 01:20:24:01 GEOLOGIC INSIGHTS
436	01:20:20:11	EVEN LIFE-THREATENING. 01:20:24:01 GEOLOGIC INSIGHTS FROM THE STUDY OF KATMAI
		EVEN LIFE-THREATENING. 01:20:24:01 GEOLOGIC INSIGHTS FROM THE STUDY OF KATMAI 01:20:25:12 MAKE THE EFFORT
436	01:20:20:11	EVEN LIFE-THREATENING. 01:20:24:01 GEOLOGIC INSIGHTS FROM THE STUDY OF KATMAI
436 437	01:20:20:11 01:20:24:03	EVEN LIFE-THREATENING. 01:20:24:01 GEOLOGIC INSIGHTS FROM THE STUDY OF KATMAI 01:20:25:12 MAKE THE EFFORT WORTHWHILE.
436	01:20:20:11	EVEN LIFE-THREATENING. 01:20:24:01 GEOLOGIC INSIGHTS FROM THE STUDY OF KATMAI 01:20:25:12 MAKE THE EFFORT WORTHWHILE. 01:20:28:08 THE 1912 ERUPTION
436 437 438	01:20:20:11 01:20:24:03 01:20:25:14	EVEN LIFE-THREATENING. 01:20:24:01 GEOLOGIC INSIGHTS FROM THE STUDY OF KATMAI 01:20:25:12 MAKE THE EFFORT WORTHWHILE. 01:20:28:08 THE 1912 ERUPTION WAS UNIQUE.
436 437	01:20:20:11 01:20:24:03	EVEN LIFE-THREATENING. 01:20:24:01 GEOLOGIC INSIGHTS FROM THE STUDY OF KATMAI 01:20:25:12 MAKE THE EFFORT WORTHWHILE. 01:20:28:08 THE 1912 ERUPTION WAS UNIQUE.
436 437 438	01:20:20:11 01:20:24:03 01:20:25:14	EVEN LIFE-THREATENING. 01:20:24:01 GEOLOGIC INSIGHTS FROM THE STUDY OF KATMAI 01:20:25:12 MAKE THE EFFORT WORTHWHILE. 01:20:28:08 THE 1912 ERUPTION WAS UNIQUE.
436 437 438 439	01:20:20:11 01:20:24:03 01:20:25:14 01:20:28:10	EVEN LIFE-THREATENING. 01:20:24:01 GEOLOGIC INSIGHTS FROM THE STUDY OF KATMAI 01:20:25:12 MAKE THE EFFORT WORTHWHILE. 01:20:28:08 THE 1912 ERUPTION WAS UNIQUE. 01:20:30:22 IT WAS A SINGLE, WELL-DOCUMENTED
436 437 438 439 440	01:20:20:11 01:20:24:03 01:20:25:14 01:20:28:10 01:20:30:24	EVEN LIFE-THREATENING. 01:20:24:01 GEOLOGIC INSIGHTS FROM THE STUDY OF KATMAI 01:20:25:12 MAKE THE EFFORT WORTHWHILE. 01:20:28:08 THE 1912 ERUPTION WAS UNIQUE. 01:20:30:22 IT WAS A SINGLE, WELL-DOCUMENTED 01:20:32:12 VOLCANIC EVENT
436 437 438 439	01:20:20:11 01:20:24:03 01:20:25:14 01:20:28:10	EVEN LIFE-THREATENING.01:20:24:01GEOLOGIC INSIGHTSFROM THE STUDY OF KATMAI01:20:25:12MAKE THE EFFORTWORTHWHILE.01:20:28:08THE 1912 ERUPTIONWAS UNIQUE.01:20:30:22IT WAS A SINGLE,WELL-DOCUMENTED01:20:32:12VOLCANIC EVENT01:20:35:18THAT TOOK PLACE IN A RATHER
436 437 438 439 440	01:20:20:11 01:20:24:03 01:20:25:14 01:20:28:10 01:20:30:24	EVEN LIFE-THREATENING. 01:20:24:01 GEOLOGIC INSIGHTS FROM THE STUDY OF KATMAI 01:20:25:12 MAKE THE EFFORT WORTHWHILE. 01:20:28:08 THE 1912 ERUPTION WAS UNIQUE. 01:20:30:22 IT WAS A SINGLE, WELL-DOCUMENTED 01:20:32:12 VOLCANIC EVENT 01:20:35:18 THAT TOOK PLACE IN A RATHER SIMPLE GEOLOGIC SETTING.
436 437 438 439 440 441	01:20:20:11 01:20:24:03 01:20:25:14 01:20:28:10 01:20:30:24 01:20:32:14	EVEN LIFE-THREATENING. 01:20:24:01 GEOLOGIC INSIGHTS FROM THE STUDY OF KATMAI 01:20:25:12 MAKE THE EFFORT WORTHWHILE. 01:20:28:08 THE 1912 ERUPTION WAS UNIQUE. 01:20:30:22 IT WAS A SINGLE, WELL-DOCUMENTED 01:20:32:12 VOLCANIC EVENT 01:20:35:18 THAT TOOK PLACE IN A RATHER SIMPLE GEOLOGIC SETTING.
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436 437 438 439 440 441 442	01:20:20:11 01:20:24:03 01:20:25:14 01:20:28:10 01:20:30:24 01:20:32:14 01:20:35:20	EVEN LIFE-THREATENING. 01:20:24:01 GEOLOGIC INSIGHTS FROM THE STUDY OF KATMAI 01:20:25:12 MAKE THE EFFORT WORTHWHILE. 01:20:28:08 THE 1912 ERUPTION WAS UNIQUE. 01:20:30:22 IT WAS A SINGLE, WELL-DOCUMENTED 01:20:32:12 VOLCANIC EVENT 01:20:35:18 THAT TOOK PLACE IN A RATHER SIMPLE GEOLOGIC SETTING. 01:20:38:09 AND THE SOURCE VENT IS WELL-PRESERVED
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436 437 438 439 440 441 442 443 444 445 446	01:20:20:11 01:20:24:03 01:20:25:14 01:20:28:10 01:20:30:24 01:20:32:14 01:20:35:20 01:20:38:11 01:20:40:11 01:20:42:25 01:20:46:19	EVEN LIFE-THREATENING. 01:20:24:01 GEOLOGIC INSIGHTS FROM THE STUDY OF KATMAI 01:20:25:12 MAKE THE EFFORT WORTHWHILE. 01:20:28:08 THE 1912 ERUPTION WAS UNIQUE. 01:20:30:22 IT WAS A SINGLE, WELL-DOCUMENTED 01:20:32:12 VOLCANIC EVENT 01:20:35:18 THAT TOOK PLACE IN A RATHER SIMPLE GEOLOGIC SETTING. 01:20:38:09 AND THE SOURCE VENT IS WELL-PRESERVED 01:20:40:09 BECAUSE THE LARGE-SCALE COLLAPSE 01:20:42:23 THAT NORMALLY ACCOMPANIES ERUPTIONS OF THIS SIZE 01:20:46:17 OCCURRED ELSEWHERE, AT KATMAI'S SUMMIT. 01:20:50:22 THE RESEARCH CURRENTLY UNDERWAY HAS SEVERAL GOALS.
436 437 438 439 440 441 442 443 444 445	01:20:20:11 01:20:24:03 01:20:25:14 01:20:28:10 01:20:30:24 01:20:32:14 01:20:35:20 01:20:38:11 01:20:40:11 01:20:42:25	EVEN LIFE-THREATENING. 01:20:24:01 GEOLOGIC INSIGHTS FROM THE STUDY OF KATMAI 01:20:25:12 MAKE THE EFFORT WORTHWHILE. 01:20:28:08 THE 1912 ERUPTION WAS UNIQUE. 01:20:30:22 IT WAS A SINGLE, WELL-DOCUMENTED 01:20:32:12 VOLCANIC EVENT 01:20:35:18 THAT TOOK PLACE IN A RATHER SIMPLE GEOLOGIC SETTING. 01:20:38:09 AND THE SOURCE VENT IS WELL-PRESERVED 01:20:40:09 BECAUSE THE LARGE-SCALE COLLAPSE 01:20:40:09 BECAUSE THE LARGE-SCALE COLLAPSE 01:20:46:17 OCCURRED ELSEWHERE, AT KATMAI'S SUMMIT. 01:20:50:22 THE RESEARCH CURRENTLY UNDERWAY HAS SEVERAL GOALS.

448	01:20:53:11	01:20:55:24 THE UNDERGROUND STRUCTURE OF THE VENT
449	01:20:55:26	01:20:58:23 AND UNCOVER CLUES
		TO THE EXPLOSIVE PROCESS.
450	01:20:58:25	01:21:01:06 THEY WOULD FURTHER LIKE TO UNDERSTAND
451	01:21:01:08	01:21:04:12 HOW HEAT ESCAPES FROM THE ERUPTION DEPOSIT.
452	01:21:05:22	01:21:07:21 IN ORDER TO DO THIS,
453	01:21:07:23	01:21:10:20 INDIRECT TECHNIQUES ARE NEEDED TO SURVEY THE AREA
1 5 1	01.01.10.00	01:21:13:20 BECAUSE IMPORTANT EVIDENCE
454	01:21:10:22	IS BURIED TOO DEEP
455	01:21:13:22	01:21:15:22 TO EXAMINE DIRECTLY.
456	01:21:15:24	01:21:18:21 THE CLEVER WAYS
		THESE SURVEYS ARE DESIGNED
457	01:21:18:23	01:21:20:09 ILLUSTRATE HOW SCIENTISTS
458	01:21:20:11	01:21:23:20 HAVE RISEN TO THE CHALLENGE OF STUDYING VOLCANOES.
459	01:21:27:26	01:21:29:12 FOR EXAMPLE,
460	01:21:29:14	01:21:32:07 GEOPHYSICISTS MEASURE
	0	THE RESISTANCE OF THE ROCKS
461	01:21:32:09	01:21:35:06 TO ELECTRICAL CURRENTS
401	01.21.02.00	SHOT INTO THE GROUND.
462	01:21:35:08	01:21:38:05 THE MORE EASILY
402	01.21.33.00	ELECTRICITY FLOWS,
463	01:21:38:07	01:21:41:06 THE MORE LIKELY THE GROUND
405	01.21.30.07	IS TO CONTAIN WATER
464	01:21:41:08	01:21:43:02 BECAUSE WATER IS AN EXCELLENT
405	04 04 40 04	
465	01:21:43:04	01:21:44:01 ELECTRICAL CONDUCTOR.
466	01:21:44:03	01:21:46:22 THIS SITE HAS A LOT OF CLAY.
467	01:21:46:24	01:21:48:21 MEASURING ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY
468	01:21:48:23	01:21:52:06 NOT ONLY PROVIDES A CLUE TO THE WATER CONTENT
469	01:21:52:08	01:21:53:21 OF SUBTERRANEAN DEPOSITS.
470	01:21:53:23	01:21:55:21 IT ALSO HELPS
		THE SCIENTISTS
471	01:21:55:23	
472	01:21:58:07	01:22:00:19 BECAUSE WATER IS
472	01.21.30.07	AN IMPORTANT AGENT
473	01:22:00:21	01:22:03:04 FOR TRANSPORTING HEAT
475	01.22.00.21	OUT OF VOLCANIC ROCKS.
474	01:22:03:06	01:22:05:21 OK, I'LL SEE
4/4	01.22.03.00	HOW THIS LOOKS.
475	01:22:05:23	01:22:08:05 I'M GOING
770	01.22.00.20	TO BREAK OUT OF THAT.
476	01:22:08:07	01:22:09:28 THAT LOOKS GOOD, DON.
477	01:22:10:00	01:22:11:14 GREAT.
478	01:22:11:16	01:22:14:26 SINCE SOME ROCKS ARE
-		MORE MAGNETIC THAN OTHERS,
479	01:22:14:28	
	-	ALSO MAP VARIATIONS

480	01:22:16:12	01:22:18:06 IN MAGNETISM TO HELP STUDY
481	01:22:18:08	01:22:23:05 THE SUBTERRANEAN STRUCTURE
		OF THE VENT AREA.
482	01:22:23:07	01:22:25:20 EVERY ROCK HAS
.02	01122120101	SOME MAGNETIC SIGNATURE
483	01:22:25:22	01:22:28:18 OR SOME MAGNETIC FIELD
405	01.22.25.22	ASSOCIATED WITH IT,
101	01.00.00.00	,
484	01:22:28:20	01:22:30:16 THAT WAS BLOCKED INTO IT
485	01:22:30:18	01:22:33:11 WHEN IT COOLED BELOW
		A CERTAIN TEMPERATURE.
486	01:22:33:13	01:22:34:17 AND
487	01:22:34:19	01:22:37:02 THE PROTON
		PROCESSION MAGNETOMETER
488	01:22:37:04	01:22:40:18 MEASURES THE INTENSITY
		OF THE FIELD AT THAT POINT.
489	01:22:40:20	01:22:43:17 THEN WITH ANOTHER
		INSTRUMENT IN ONE PLACE
490	01:22:43:19	01:22:46:18 RECORDING VARIATIONS IN
		THE EARTH'S MAGNETIC FIELD
491	01:22:46:20	01:22:50:18 THE DAILY VARIATIONS
	01122110120	WE SUBTRACT THE TWO.
492	01:22:50:20	01:22:52:20 WE'RE LEFT
752	01.22.00.20	WITH A COMPONENT
493	01:22:52:22	01:22:56:24 WHICH WE HOPE IS JUST
495	01.22.32.22	THE ROCKS THEMSELVES.
404	01.00.56.06	01:22:59:08 MAGNETIC SURVEYING
494	01:22:56:26	
405		REVEALS THAT THE AREA
495	01:22:59:10	01:23:02:02 NEAR NOVARUPTA
		IS MORE MAGNETIC
496	01:23:02:04	01:23:04:20 THAN SURROUNDING TERRAIN.
497	01:23:04:22	01:23:07:06 THE RESEARCH TEAM
		BELIEVES THIS RESULTS
498	01:23:07:08	01:23:10:06 FROM A CONCENTRATION
		OF IRON-RICH MINERALS
499	01:23:10:08	01:23:13:03 WITHIN AND BENEATH
		THE DOME.
500	01:23:13:05	01:23:16:02 THE VENT
		ENCLOSING NOVARUPTA
501	01:23:16:04	01:23:19:02 IS LARGELY FILLED WITH
		LOW-DENSITY ASH AND PUMICE,
502	01:23:19:04	
002	01.20.10.04	PULL OF GRAVITY
503	01:23:21:18	
503 504	01:23:23:04	01:23:24:29 SO, YET ANOTHER
504	01.23.23.04	GEOPHYSICAL PROPERTY
FOF	04.00.05.04	
505	01:23:25:01	01:23:27:29 VARIATIONS IN GRAVITY
		MAY BE USED TO TRACE
506	01:23:28:01	01:23:30:19 THE UNDERLYING PATTERN
		OF THE ROCKS.
507	01:23:36:19	01:23:38:17 WELL, IN A SIMPLIFIED MANNER,
508	01:23:38:19	01:23:43:02 THERE'S A MASS ON THE END
		OF A SPRING INSIDE HERE.
509	01:23:43:04	01:23:45:03 AND, UH, THE MASS
510	01:23:45:05	01:23:49:18 WELL, THE SPRING IS EXTENDED
		BY THE WEIGHT OF THE MASS
511	01:23:49:20	

		ACTUALLY BE PULLED DOWN
512	01:23:53:04	
		IN THE EARTH
513	01:23:56:19	
		THE MASS IN THE EARTH,
514	01:24:00:02	
		WILL BE EXTENDED.
515	01:24:03:26	01:24:06:20 BASICALLY WE MEASURE
		THE EXTENSION OF THE SPRING
516	01:24:06:22	01:24:08:16 IN A VERY PRECISE MANNER.
517	01:24:08:18	01:24:10:01 GEOLOGISTS AT KATMAI
518	01:24:10:03	
540	04-04-40-00	TO LEARN MORE
519	01:24:12:02	
500	04.04.45.40	DEPOSITS TO VOLCANIC ACTIVITY,
520	01:24:15:16	
521	01:24:17:17	01:24:20:16 OF THE VALLEY
500	01.04.00.10	OF 10,000 SMOKES 01:24:23:22 METALLIC ORE MINERALS
522	01:24:20:18	HAVE FORMED.
523	01:24:23:24	
525 524	01:24:25:21	01:24:29:07 STREAMS HAVE CUT DEEP CHANNELS
J24	01.24.25.21	INTO THE ASH DEPOSITS,
525	01:24:29:09	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
525	01.24.23.03	IN CROSS-SECTION.
526	01:24:33:09	
527	01:24:35:14	
021	01.24.00.14	AND MINERAL DEPOSITS
528	01:24:38:18	
529	01:24:40:03	01:24:42:01 ORDINARILY
0_0	0	HIDDEN FROM VIEW.
530	01:24:42:03	
		ARE MINERAL DEPOSITS
531	01:24:44:02	01:24:46:22 SUBLIMATED FROM THE HOT
		VOLCANIC VAPORS.
532	01:24:49:14	01:24:52:12 ALTHOUGH MUCH DATA
		HAVE ALREADY BEEN COLLECTED,
533	01:24:52:14	01:24:55:26 THE KATMAI PROJECT IS STILL
		IN ITS PRELIMINARY STAGES.
534	01:24:55:28	01:24:58:13 RESEARCH MAY CONTINUE HERE
		FOR YEARS,
535	01:24:58:15	01:25:00:09 BRINGING WITH IT, NO DOUBT,
536	01:25:00:11	01:25:01:29 SURPRISING NEW DISCOVERIES
537	01:25:02:01	01:25:04:28 THAT WILL HAVE IMPLICATIONS
		FAR BEYOND THIS REGION.
538	01:25:05:00	01:25:09:28 SOME OF THIS WORK WILL
		HAVE APPLICATION ELSEWHERE.
539	01:25:10:00	01:25:12:13 IN TERMS OF UNDERSTANDING
	04 0 <b>-</b> 40 -	
540	01:25:12:15	01:25:13:27 UNDERSTANDING THE PROCESSES
541	01:25:13:29	01:25:16:29 CERTAINLY SHOULD
E 40	04-05-17-04	
542	01:25:17:01	01:25:19:28 TO BE BETTER AT PREDICTING
E 4 0	04.05.00.00	
543	01:25:20:00	01:25:22:28 AND UNDERSTANDING
		WHAT THE CONSEQUENCES

		OF ERUPTIVE EVENTS
544		
545	01:25:24:15	
546	01:25:27:00	AROUND VOLCANOES, 01:25:29:29 AS MANY PEOPLE
540	01.25.27.00	IN WESTERN U.S. DO,
547	01:25:30:01	,
011	01.20.00.01	IN THE WORLD,
548	01:25:33:01	
549	01:25:34:29	01:25:39:28 UNDERSTANDING HOW
		METALS GET TRANSPORTED
		IN THE IGNEOUS SYSTEMS
550	01:25:40:00	01:25:47:04 MAY HELP US TO BETTER
	04 05 4 <del>7</del> 00	EXPLOIT ORE DEPOSITS.
551	01:25:47:06	
552	01:25:52:15	HEAT ESCAPES FROM MAGMA 01:25:55:12 AND HOW HYDROTHERMAL
552	01.25.52.15	SYSTEMS DEVELOP
553	01:25:55:14	
554	01:25:57:15	
		USE OF GEOTHERMAL ENERGY,
555	01:26:01:13	
		OF THE WORLD
556	01:26:04:13	
		AND USEFUL ENERGY SOURCE.
557	01:26:09:05	01:26:12:11 MANY PEOPLE THINK OF VOLCANOES
EE0	01.06.10.10	ONLY AS A GEOLOGIC HAZARD 01:26:14:11 THAT DESTROY LIVES
558	01:26:12:13	AND BUILDINGS,
559	01:26:14:13	,
000	01.20.14.10	ASPECTS TO VOLCANOES AS WELL.
560	01:26:17:12	
		VERY RAPIDLY
561	01:26:19:09	01:26:21:16 AND FORM SOILS
		THAT ARE RICH
562	01:26:21:18	01:26:23:27 IN THE NUTRIENTS
500	04-00-00-00	USED BY PLANTS.
563	01:26:23:29	01:26:26:21 IN FACT, SOILS DERIVED FROM VOLCANIC ROCKS
564	01:26:26:23	01:26:29:17 ARE AMONG THE MOST
504	01.20.20.25	FERTILE IN THE WORLD.
565	01:26:29:19	01:26:31:26 IRONICALLY, IT'S THIS
		CONNECTION WITH AGRICULTURE
566	01:26:31:28	01:26:34:22 THAT INDUCES ABOUT 10%
		OF THE WORLD'S POPULATION
567	01:26:34:24	01:26:37:12 TO LIVE IN THE SHADOW
		OF ACTIVE VOLCANOES.
568	01:26:37:14	01:26:38:27 HOT SPRINGS, LIKE THIS ONE, 01:26:40:27 ARE VERY COMMON
569	01:26:38:29	IN VOLCANIC AREAS
570	01:26:40:29	
570	01:26:43:07	
0.1	01120110101	IS COLLECTED
572	01:26:45:04	
		ELECTRICITY
573	01:26:46:28	01:26:48:11 OR DIRECTLY HEAT BUILDINGS.

574	01:26:48:13	01:26:53:05 THE CAPITAL OF ICELAND,
<b>F</b> 7 <b>F</b>	04.00.50.07	A CITY OF OVER 100,000 PEOPLE,
575	01:26:53:07	01:26:55:27 IS HEATED ALMOST EXCLUSIVELY USING GEOTHERMAL ENERGY.
576	01:26:55:29	01:26:57:05 THE BENEFITS OF VOLCANOES
570	01:26:57:07	01:26:59:12 EXTEND BEYOND
511	01.20.37.07	OUR HOMES AND AGRICULTURE,
578	01:26:59:14	01:27:00:27 EVEN BEYOND HUMAN HISTORY.
579	01:27:00:29	01:27:03:18 OCEANIC VOLCANISM RECREATES
0.0	01121100120	THE EARTH'S OCEAN BASINS
580	01:27:03:20	01:27:06:00 ABOUT ONCE
		EVERY 120 MILLION YEARS.
581	01:27:06:02	01:27:08:09 AND VOLCANISM EARLY
		IN EARTH'S HISTORY
582	01:27:08:11	01:27:11:09 IS THOUGHT TO HAVE PRODUCED
		MOST OF THE WATER
583	01:27:11:11	01:27:13:10 IN OUR OCEANS
		AND ATMOSPHERE.
584	01:27:13:12	01:27:16:13 SO VOLCANOES ATTRACT
		THE ATTENTION OF GEOLOGISTS
585	01:27:16:15	01:27:18:02 FOR MANY REASONS
586	01:27:18:04	01:27:19:24 FOR THEIR POWER TO DESTROY
587	01:27:19:26	01:27:22:00 AND THEIR ECONOMIC BENEFITS, 01:27:24:08 AND ULTIMATELY FOR
588	01:27:22:02	
		THEIR CRITICAL ROLE
589	01:27:24:10	01:27:26:10 IN THE EVOLUTION
		OF OUR PLANET.
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