

# Direct and Inverse Variation Lesson Plan

## **Standard(s):**

A.1 Solve linear equations and inequalities.

## **Materials:**

- Textbook
- Notebook
- Pencil
- Graphing calculator
- Overhead projector
- Blackboard

## **Lesson:**

A. Definition of *Direct Variation*: represented by the equation  $y = kx$ , where  $k \neq 0$ .  $k$  is known as the *constant of variation*. Simply put, if  $x$  increases, so does  $y$ .

B. Definition of *Inverse Variation*: represented by the equation  $xy = k$ , where  $k \neq 0$ . It is the reverse of direct variation. As one variable increases, the other decreases.

(Guided practice) Classwork: pp. 239-242 (in textbook); examples 1-5

(Guided practice) Classwork: p. 243; 5-11.

(Independent practice) Homework: p. 243; 12-28 EVEN.

**Closure:** A *proportion* is made up of two equal ratios.